De Kalb Junction, Clymer, Canton, De Ruyter, Croghan, Cortland, and Adams, N. Y., and Middlefield, Ohio, within the period from on or about May 1 to May 19, 1939, by United Maple Products, Ltd.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained an added poisonous or deleterious ingredient, namely, lead, which might have rendered

it injurious to health.

On June 5, 8, and 15, 1939, the United Maple Products, Ltd., trading at Burlington, Vt., having appeared as claimant and having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments were entered ordering that the product be released under bond conditioned that the deleterious ingredient be removed by deleading.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

30841. Adulteration of frozen fish. U. S. v. 200 Boxes of Ocean Perch and 75 Boxes of Haddock. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 45152, 45458. Sample Nos. 53556-D, 53558-D, 55343-D.)

These products had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination one lot was found to be in whole or in part decomposed, and the other lot was infested with

parasitic worms.

On April 4 and on June 17, 1939, the United States attorneys for the Eastern District of Missouri and the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in their respective district courts libels praying seizure and condemnation of 200 boxes of ocean perch at St. Louis, Mo., and 75 boxes of haddock at Chicago, Ill.; alleging that the articles had been shipped on or about March 18 and May 27, 1939, respectively, by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. from Boston, Mass.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The ocean perch was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy animal substance; and the haddock was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a decomposed animal substance.

terated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a decomposed animal substance.
On April 26 and July 31, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the ocean perch was ordered destroyed and the haddock was ordered converted into fertilizer.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

30842. Adulteration of frozen fish. U. S. v. 98 Boxes of Pollack Fillets. Default decree of condemnation. Product disposed of for fertilizer. (F. & D. No. 45398. Sample No. 55217-D.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to

be in whole or in part decomposed.

On May 24, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 98 boxes of pollack fillets at Chicago, Ill.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 11, 1939, from Gloucester, Mass., by Davis Bros. Fisheries Co., in pool-car shipment for New England Fillet Co., Inc., of Boston, Mass.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Sea Crest Brand Fancy Chilled Fillets."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a

decomposed animal substance.

On July 31, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered disposed of for fertilizer.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

30843. Adulteration of frozen fish. U. S. v. Seven Cases of Whiting (and three other seizure actions against the same product). Default decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. Nos. 45174, 45176, 45177, 45178. Sample No. 30720-D.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to be

in whole or in part decomposed.

On April 11, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Texas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 11½ cases of Stk whiting as follows: 7 cases at Lubbock, 2 cases at Wellington, 1 case at Childress, and 1½ cases at Shamrock, Tex.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or

about April 3, 1939, by Mid-Central Fish Co. from Oklahoma City, Okla.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in

part of a decomposed animal substance.

On May 19 and August 14, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

30844. Adulteration of frozen fish. U. S. v. 73 Cartons of Ocean Perch Fillets.

Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 45347.

Sample No. 55339-D.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to be

wholly or in part decomposed. On May 22, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 73 cartons of ocean perch fillets at Chicago, Ill.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about May 2, 1939, by the Honor Brand Frosted Foods Corporation from Gloucester, Mass.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Gorton's Ocean Perch Fillets."

Adulteration was alleged in that the article was composed wholly or in part

of a decomposed animal substance.

On July 31, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be converted into fertilizer.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

30845. Adulteration of frozen fish. U. S. v. 1,565 Boxes of Skinless Haddock Tenderloins. Decree of condemnation. Product released under bond for segregation and destruction of unfit portion. (F. & D. No. 45442. Sample Nos. 30772-D, 41295-D, 69142-D.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to be

in part decomposed.

On June 3, 1939, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 1,565 boxes of haddock fillets at Denver, Colo., consigned by O'Donnell-Usen Fisheries Corporation; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about May 8, 1939, from Boston, Mass.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Skinless Haddock Taste O'Sea Tenderloins."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a

decomposed animal substance.

On July 10, 1939, O'Donnell-Usen Fisheries, Inc., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that the unfit portion be segregated and destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

30846. Adulteration of frozen fish. U. S. v. 300 Cartons of Red Perch Fillets. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered disposed of for fertilizer. (F. & D. No. 44995. Sample No. 54630-D.)

This product was infested with parasitic worms.

On March 10, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 300 cartons of red perch fillets at Chicago, Ill.; alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 24, 1939, by the Frosted Foods Sales Corporation from Boston, Mass.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Birds Eye Frosted Foods Fillets."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part

of a filthy animal substance.

On April 21, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered converted into fertilizer.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.